



## **Presentation Agenda**

- Background
- What Did We Learn?
- Why and How?
- Six Education For the Future Guiding Principles
- Consider the Potential...
- Questions



## Background

 Spring 2008 – Secondary Education of the Future as Foundational to ARC

-Why?



## **Background Continued**

- Sept. 2008 Dec. 2009
  - Research primary and secondary
  - -Site visits
  - Focus groups
  - -Online Forum
- April, 2010 Trustees approved Guiding Principles of Education





Embrace the six "Education for the Future Guiding Principles" as filters for decision-making.

#### Why?

The world has changed

#### How?

- Today's students will have multiple jobs, many that have not been created yet.
- The Digital World has connected us like never before.
- The future is unpredictable.



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#### How?

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- Industrial Model assembly line
- Information Age passively consume information



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#### Why?

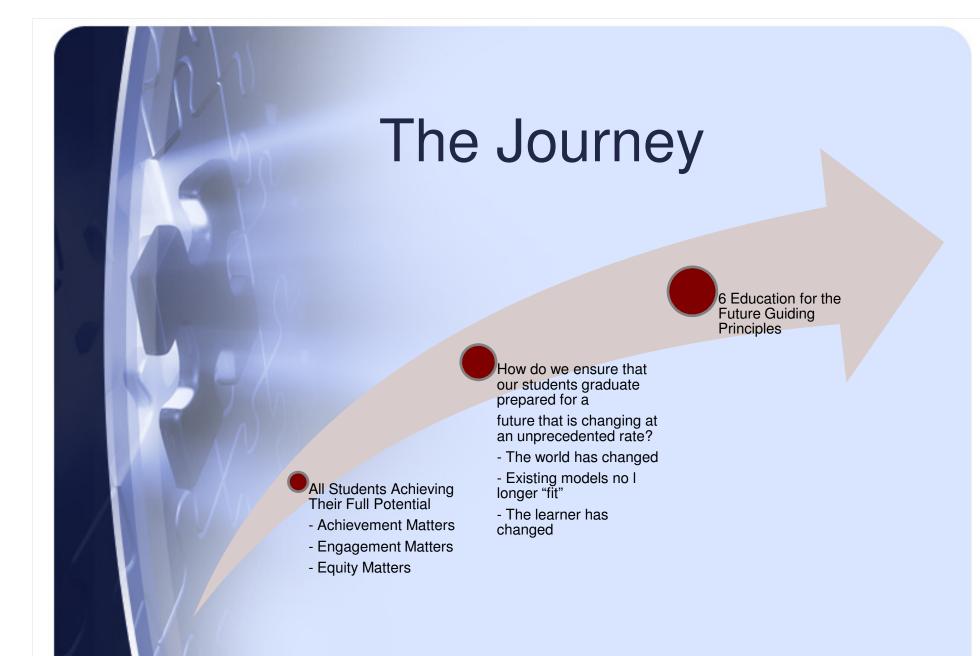
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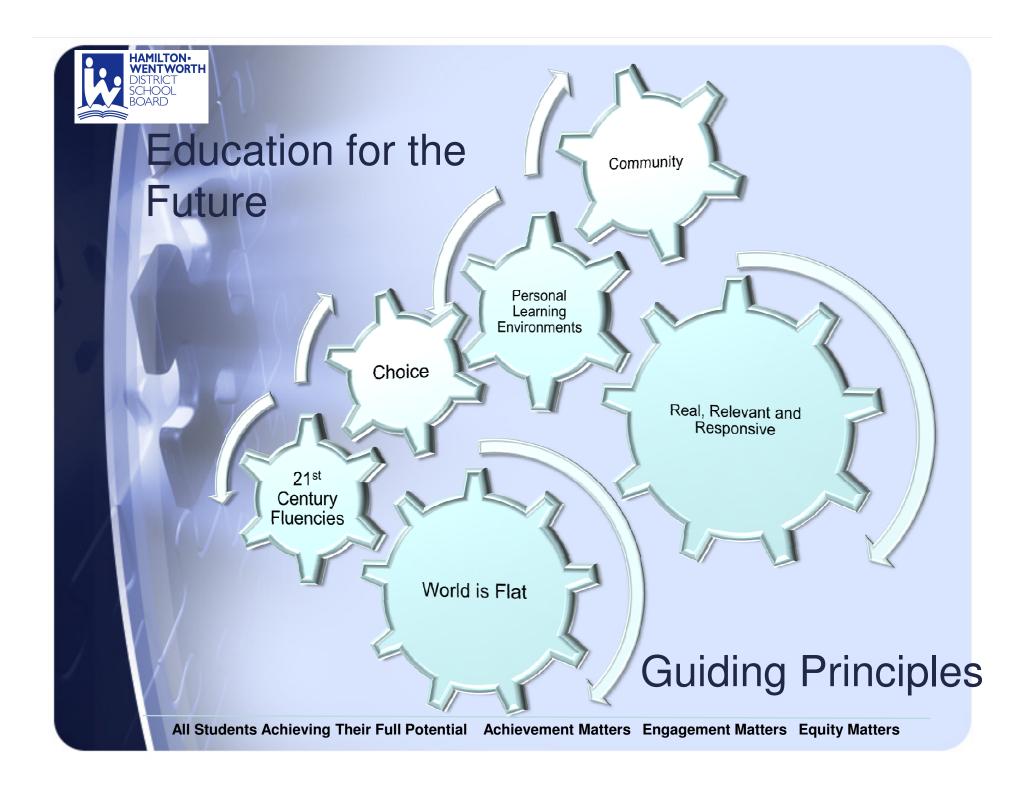
#### How?

- Self-learner
- Networked-learner
- Lifelong-learner



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### The World is "Flat"

- Monitor for implications
- Software that bridges the physical divide
- Collaboration and competition beyond face to face
- "Open" anyone can contribute to technological innovation,
  MIT Courses
- Consumers vs. Prosumers
- Anyplace, anytime access to information
- Google vs. Facebook



## HWDSB 21st Century Fluencies

#### **Solution Fluency**

- Problem-solving and application
- Adaptability

#### **Information Fluency**

- Communication
- Information Processing, Reasoning & Synthesis
- Critical Thinking and Analysis

#### **Creative Fluency**

- Creativity
- Innovation
- Artistic Proficiency



## HWDSB 21st Century Fluencies

#### **Media Fluency**

- Technological Literacy
- Critical Thinking and Analysis
- Graphic Literacy

#### **Collaboration Fluency**

- Collaboration
- Teamwork
- Global/Digital Citizenship
- Self Awareness



## Strategic Choice

- Student/parent/school equal partners
- Student voice and empowerment = engagement = student achievement
- Equitable access to programs that meet student needs, abilities, learning styles, interests, career paths
- Strategic choice in where, when and how learning occurs
- Flexible programming



# Personal Learning Environments (PLEs)

#### Traditional definition expanded

- "Personal Learning Environments are systems that help learners take control of and manage their own learning.
   This includes providing support for learners to:
  - set their own learning goals
  - manage their learning; managing both content and process
  - communicate with others in the process of learning, including meaningful feedback in order to achieve learning goals
- Flexible environment
- Supports local and global collaboration
- Structures to support learning beyond school walls
- Supports students natural interface with technology
- Personalized: All, Some, Few
- Everything is "temporary" and changes when needs change



## Real, Relevant and Responsive

- Learner-centered
- Self-directed
- Integrated, practical, real
- Problem-based, project based learning
- Interdisciplinary approach
- Flexible and adaptable curriculum and physical environment
- Meet students in their world
- Classrooms are anywhere learning happens
- Community has a role in the classroom
- On-demand learning
- Collaborative local and global
- Learning for life



## Community

- Within the building, outside, local, global, face to face, virtual
- Student interaction with all within the community is essential
- School as a community hub
  - Use of school beyond regular day access to technology
  - Community resources in schools
- All learners are engaged in extra-curricular activities



## Community – What Students Want

- Tranquil areas
- Open
- Natural lighting
- Courtyard spaces
- Numerous small conversation areas that are comfortable
- Food services to a "boutique" approach or a restaurant style
- Use of natural elements e.g. plants, water features, chairs of wood, skylights
- Make the furniture adjustable
- Identify areas where students can work
- Use of student art
- Change the colour schemes
- Learning Commons: spaces where students can talk and a small quiet place to work.
- Make provision for the use of technology throughout

## Why do we need to act?

- The world has changed
- The existing models no longer "fit"
- The learner has changed

#### How we respond...

- The world is "flat"
- 21<sup>st</sup> Century Fluencies
- Strategic Choice
- Personal Learning Environments
- Real, Relevant, Responsive
- Community

Significant change does not happen overnight and must be considered in a planned, purposeful and strategic way. Consider the potential of an environment where...

